Countable and uncountable nouns

Countable nouns

Countable nouns have a singular and a plural form and take a singular or plural verb.

Countable nouns	Example
shop / shop s	There are over 100 shops in the new shopping centre.
baby / bab ies	They've got some great toys for babies in there.
dish / dish es	We need to get some new dishes for this evening.

Helpful hints

We use these words with countable nouns:

- a, an many
- a few one, two, etc



A few countable nouns have irregular plurals. They include:

- one child, two children
- one foot, two feet
- one man, two men

- one person, two people
- · one tooth, two teeth
- one woman, two women

Uncountable nouns

We cannot count some nouns (*uncountable nouns*). They do not have a plural form and take a singular verb, even if they end in -s.

Some uncountable nouns advice, bread, fruit, furniture, hair, homework, information, money, news, paper, rice, work Example My money is in my wallet. Your hair is really long! The news was a complete shock.

Helpful hints

We use these words with uncountable nouns:

- · a little · much
- a bit of a piece of

We use these words with both countable and uncountable nouns:

a lot of some lots of the

We can use *any* in questions and negative statements with both uncountable nouns and plural countable nouns:

- Have we got any homework today?
- There aren't any eggs left.



- There are a few uncountable nouns that are plural and are followed by a plural verb. Be careful with the following words.
- clothes
- ✓ Your clean clothes are on the bed.
- jeans
- ✓ Your new jeans look great!
- Some nouns are uncountable with one meaning and countable with another meaning.
 - ✓ Get me some **paper** when you go to the shops. (= a packet of paper to write on)
 - ✓ Get me **a paper** when you go to the shops. (= a newspaper)