Passive 2 (be done / been done / being done)

	Study the following active and passive forms:							
A	Infinitive active (to) do/clean/see etc.	Somebody will clean this room later						
	passive (to) be + done/cleaned/seen etc.	This room will be cleaned later.						
	 The situation is serious. Something must be done before it's too late. A mystery is something that can't be explained. The music was very loud and could be heard from a long way away. A new supermarket is going to be built next year. Please go away. I want to be left alone. 							
B	reijectinjinuve							
	active (to) have + done/cleaned/seen etc.	Somebody should have cleaned the room						
	passive (to) have been + done/cleaned/seer	n etc. The room should have been cleaned.						
	 I should have received the letter by now. It might have been sent to the wrong address. If you had locked the car, it wouldn't have been stolen. There were some problems at first, but they seem to have been solved. 							
C	Present perfect							
	active have/has + done etc.	The room looks nice. Somebody has cleaned it .						
	passive have/has been + done etc.	The room looks nice. It has been cleaned.						
	Have you heard? The trip has been cancelled. Have you ever been bitten by a dog? 'Are you going to the party?' 'No, I haven't been invited.'							
	Past perfect							
	active had + done etc.	The room looked nice. Somebody had cleaned it .						
	passive had been + done etc.	The room looked nice. It had been cleaned.						
	 The vegetables didn't taste good. They had been cooked too long. The car was three years old, but hadn't been used very much. 							
Đ	Present continuous	MARKABAN MENANGAN MENENGERAN MENENGERAN MENENGERAN MENENGERAN MENENGERAN MENENGERAN MENENGERAN MENENGERAN MEN						
	active am/is/are + (do)ing	Somebody is cleaning the room at the moment.						
	passive am/is/are + being (done)	The room is being cleaned at the moment.						
	 There's somebody walking behind us. I think we are being followed. (in a shop) 'Can I help you?' 'No, thanks. I'm being served.' 							
	Past continuous							
	active was/were + (do)ing	Somebody was cleaning the room when I arrived.						
	passive was/were + being (done)	The room was being cleaned when I arrived.						
	There was somebody walking behind us.	I think we were being followed.						
86	Passive 1, 3 → Units 42, 44							
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Exercises

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5 edible,	f something is washable, it can be washed unbreakable, it edible,				5 invisible,					
S					verbs (in the correct form):					
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		rious. Son								
								wrong address.		
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100			-				on e			
								a long time ago.		
		ouldn't wa								
								the next mornir		
		w the fire s	started, i	but it migr	1t			by aı		
etectric	al fault.									
Rewrite t	hese sente	nces. Inste	ead of u	sing some	body or tl	ney etc., w	vrite a pass	ive sentence.		
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		it someboo						57,40		
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4 When v	we got to t	he stadium	, we fou	ınd that th	ey had can	celled the	game.			
5 They ar	e building	a new ring	road ro	und the cit	:y.					
	wo built a	now hospit	tal naar							
o mey na	ave built a	new hospit	lat near	trie airport						
Make sen	tences fro	m the wor	ds in bra	ackets. So	metimes t	he verb is	active, son	netimes passive.		
1 There's	somebody	behind us	. (I thir	k/we/fo	llow)	think we'	re being f	ollowed.		
								e walls?		
6 Ann car	n't use her	office this	week. (it / redeco	rate) It					
		em with th		·	and the second					
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9 A neigh He		ine disappe	ared six							
9 A neigh He 10 I wonde	er how Jane	ine disappe e is these d	ared six	/ not / see	/ for ages)					

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Passive 3

en produces	- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (- (
	I was offered / we were given etc.							
	Some verbs can have two objects. For example, give : Somebody gave the police the information . (= somebody gave the information to the police)							
	object 1 object 2							
	So it is possible to make two passive sentences: The police were given the information. or The information was given to the police.							
	Other verbs which can have two objects are: ask offer pay show teach tell							
	When we use these verbs in the passive, most often we begin with the person: I've been offered the job, but I don't think I'll accept it. (= they have offered me the job) You will be given plenty of time to decide. (= we will give you plenty of time) I didn't see the original document but I was shown a copy. (= somebody showed me) Tim has an easy job – he's paid a lot of money to do very little. (= they pay him a lot)							
	B I don't like being							
	The passive of doing/seeing etc. is being done / being seen etc. Compare:							
	active I don't like people telling me what to do. passive I don't like being told what to do.							
	 I remember being taken to the zoo when I was a child. (= I remember somebody taking me to the zoo) Steve hates being kept waiting. (= he hates people keeping him waiting) We managed to climb over the wall without being seen. (= without anybody seeing us) 							
	C I was born							
	We say 'I was born' (not I am born): I was born in Chicago. Where were you born? (not Where are you born?) past but How many babies are born every day? present							
	D Get							
	You can use get instead of be in the passive: There was a fight at the party, but nobody got hurt . (= nobody was hurt) I don't get invited to many parties. (= I'm not invited) I'm surprised Liz didn't get offered the job. (= Liz wasn't offered the job)							
	We use get only when things <i>happen</i> . For example, you cannot use get in these sentences: Jessica is liked by everybody. (<i>not</i> gets liked – this is not a 'happening') Peter was a mystery man. Very little was known about him. (<i>not</i> got known)							
l.	We use get mainly in informal spoken English. You can use be in all situations.							
	We also use get in the following expressions (which are not passive in meaning): get married , get divorced get dressed (= put on your clothes) get lost (= not know where you are) get changed (= change your clothes)							

Exercises

e police)

3	W	Vrite th	ese senter	nces in ar	nother wa	y, beginn	ing in the	e way show	vn.			
	1 They didn't give me the information I needed.											
	2 They asked me some difficult questions at the interview.											
	3 Amy's colleagues gave her a present when she retired.											
	4 Nobody told me about the meeting.											
	I wasn't 5 How much will they pay you for your work?											
	5	How	much will t	hey pay y	ou for you	ur work?		***************************************				
	6		k they shou k Tom							***************************************		
	7		nybody sho you									
42	C	omple	te the sent	ences us	ing being	+ the fol	lowing ve	erbs (in the	correc	t form):		
		give	invite	keep	knock	down	stick	treat				
	1	Steve	hates be	ing kept	waiting							
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										em.		
								of				
								like a				
	6	You c	an't do any	thing abo	out			i	n a traff	ic jam.		
	Lı	udwig v	them were van Beetho	ven Ma	ahatma Ga	andhi		500000		1452	1869	1935
		Valt Di	sney-		chael Jack			Shakespea	are	1564	1901	1958
	C	alileo		Ma	artin Luthe	er King	Leonard	lo da Vinci		1770	1929	
	1	Wa	lt Disney	was borr	n in 1901							
	2											
	3								75			
	4											
	6											
		E i										
	C	omple	te the sent	ences us	ing get/ge	ot + the f	ollowing	verbs (in t	he corr	ect form	າ):	
		ask	damage	hurt	pay	steal	sting	stop	use)		
			was a fight									
	2 Alex by a bee while he was sitting in the garden.								C 100			
	3 These tennis courts don't very often. Not many people want 4 I used to have a bicycle, but it a few months ago.								to play			
	4	Dacha	to nave a	oicycle, b	ut			a few r very n	months	ago.		
								very n is I was driv		na On-	of the li-	htc
	J		/ car wasn'			by th	е ропсе а	is i was driv	ning nor	ne. One	or the tig	IILS
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