Reading and Use of English Part 1

For questions 1–8, read the text below and decide which answer (A, B, C or D) best fits each gap. There is an example at the beginning (0).

Mark your answers on the separate answer sheet.

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	×	ы	п	н	IJ	8	œ	Ξ

0	A branch	B item	C piece	D part
0	A B	C D		

Checking your mobile phone

How often do you check your phone? For many of us, our phone is an essential (0) of everyday life, but
apparently we are spending an increasing amount of time checking it for information without being (1) of doing
so.
Pesearch in Helsinki shows that phone checking (2) lasts less than 30 seconds on each occasion, and usually
of opening a single application such as social media. The study also found many users check their mobile
throughout the (4) day, and that what they check is often (5) with particular contexts. For instance
when travelling to work or college, people tend to check their email; if they are bored, they get a quick (6)
the latest news.
Checking this frequently can easily become a habit, which some say can (7) us from more important things
Others, though, believe that being able to (8)so much new information so guickly makes life far more interesting

1	A sensitive	B cautious	C sensible	D conscious
2	A virtually	B typically	C widely	D suitably
3	A consists	B composes	C involves	D includes
4	A complete	B total	C normal	D entire
5	A attached	B assumed	C associated	D accompanied
6	A update	B revision	C review	D upgrade
7	A disturb	B distract	C disrupt	D distribute
8	A capture	B import	C obtain	D seize

Reading and Use of English Part 2

For questions 9-16, read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only one word in each gap. There is an example at the beginning (0).

		-	11	_								To U		35	
Example:	U		H	t		24.2		-			71.1		-		

The Australian city of Perth

Perth, (0) capital of the state of Western Australia, has been described as one of the most remote cities
9) Earth. Founded in 1829 and named after Perth in Scotland, it grew rapidly in the late nineteenth century
10)a result of the discovery of gold in the state. Nowadays it has a population of around two million people, and
many of (11) were born outside Australia. This has led (12) Perth becoming a culturally diverse city,
n (13) of the fact that the nearest large town is over 2,000 kilometres away, with well-established communities
from southern Europe and South-East Asia (14) particular. The city's five universities have also attracted
students from (15) over the world. Young people find much to enjoy in and around Perth on (16) of
ts outdoor lifestyle, which offers a wide range of activities including swimming at its many beaches, cycling both in town
and countryside, and visiting nearby nature reserves.



Reading and Use of English Part 3

For questions 17–24, read the text below. Use the word given in capitals at the end of some of the lines to form a word that fits in the gap in the same line. There is an example at the beginning (0).

Write your answers IN CAPITAL LETTERS on the separate answer sheet.

Example:	0	G	R	0	W	Т	Н							
Example.			.,	_										

Advertising in schools

In certain countries, there has been rapid (0)in the spending power	GROW
of teenagers. Realising this, firms are aiming even more of their (17)	PRODUCE
at young people, and (18)they are doing this by advertising directly	INCREASE
in schools. These companies see children as the (19) of the future,	CONSUME
and hope that when they become adults they will maintain their (20)	LOYAL
to brands they first started buying in their youth.	
As a result, many (21) are keen to supply equipment to schools,	MANUFACTURE
sponsor sports activities or provide students with kit that carries their logo.	
Other firms install machines selling snacks and drinks, and these are often highly	
(22) for both the companies and the schools.	PROFIT
There is, however, considerable (23) about whether this is a good	AGREE
idea. Some claim these firms provide a useful service, but others argue that	
these machines encourage (24) eating habits at a time when many	HEALTH
doctors are concerned about the diet of the young.	



Reading and Use of English Part 4

For questions 25–30, complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between two and five words, including the word given. Here is an example (0).

EX	ample:								
0	Nobody	had eve	r done my hair like that before.						
	HAD								
	l'd		like that before.						
The	e gap can	be filled	by the words 'never had my hair do	ne' so you write:					
				a jedaštu Biojecarje ir posebno i kalike ir kalik Aleksele Transi i ja jedana septembera i Algalice i od takan se					
Ex	ample:	0	NEVER HAD MY HAIR DONE	process of the sector of the server of a System of British					
Wr	ite only th	e missinç	g words IN CAPITAL LETTERS on t	he separate answer sheet.					
25	The storn	n left venv	few trees standing.	and the first the pasts related that the first section is the section of the sect					
	WERE	in lone vory	Tow troop standing.						
			after the storm.						
**	0.4% -4% 41	المامام المام	of the the distinct of the provide						
26		ne neignt	of that building?' I asked the guide.						
	I asked th	ne guide	was.						
27	The new	printer is	very similar to the old model.						
			on for the first of the content of the first forther.						
				the old model.					
28			ologise for being so rude.						
	WAS	ouiun t up	ologise for boiling so rade.						
		fused to	for being so ru	where k because and buy the set in the part of applied					
29	What attr	acts peop	ble so much to this city is its nightlife.						
	FIND			and the electric quickels as the last recipied was an easilon <mark>g for teating</mark> the court was the to see which the states the and the colorin to					
	What peo		this city is its night						
30	It's unlike	ely our firm	n will manage to win the contract.						
	SUCCEE								
			the contract.						
		unitoly							