Unit **105**

Comparison 1 (cheaper, more expensive etc.)

Study these examples:

How shall we travel? Shall we drive or go by train?

Let's drive. It's cheaper.

Don't go by train. It's more expensive.

Cheaper and more expensive are comparative forms.

After comparatives you can use than (see Unit 107):

- It's cheaper to drive than go by train.
- Ooing by train is more expensive than driving.





The comparative form is -er or more

We use -er for short words (one syllable):

cheap → cheaper fast → faster thin → thinner

We also use -er for two-syllable words that end in -y (-y \rightarrow ier):

lucky \rightarrow luckierearly \rightarrow earliereasy \rightarrow easierpretty \rightarrow prettier

For spelling, see Appendix 6.

We use **more** ... for longer words (two syllables or more):

more serious more often
more expensive more comfortable

We also use **more** ... for adverbs that end in **-ly**:

more slowly more seriously more easily more quietly

Compare these examples:

- You're older than me.
- The exam was quite easy easier than I expected.
- ☐ Can you walk a bit **faster**?
- ☐ I'd like to have a **bigger** car.
- Last night I went to bed **earlier** than usual.
- You're more patient than me.
- The exam was quite difficult more difficult than I expected.
- Can you walk a bit **more slowly**?
- ☐ I'd like to have a **more reliable** car.
- I don't play tennis much these days. I used to play more often.

You can use -er or more ... with some two-syllable adjectives, especially:

- clever narrow quiet shallow simple
- ☐ It's too noisy here. Can we go somewhere **quieter / more quiet?**

C

A few adjectives and adverbs have irregular comparative forms:

$good/well \rightarrow better$

- The garden looks better since you tidied it up.
- ☐ I know him **well** probably **better** than anybody else knows him.

$bad/badly \rightarrow worse$

- 'How's your headache? Better?' 'No, it's worse.'
- ☐ He did very badly in the exam worse than expected.

far → further (or farther)

It's a long walk from here to the park – further than I thought. (or farther than)

Further (but not farther) can also mean 'more' or 'additional':

Let me know if you hear any **further** news. (= any more news)

Exercises



C	omplete the sen	tences using a	comparative fo	orm (<mark>older / m</mark>	ore importan	t etc.).
1	It's too noisy he	re. Can we go :	somewhere 9	uieter ?		
	This coffee is ve					
	The hotel was su					
	The hotel was su					
	The weather is t					
	72 21			_		**************************************
	It's a shame you		-			

	Your work isn't v					
	Don't worry. Th					
	You're talking ve		i (5)			2
	You hardly ever	, ,				
			-			awa
						today.
כו	Tou were a little	depressed yes	terday, but you	100K		today.
W	omplete the sent here necessary. big	crowded			high	important
	interested	peaceful	reliable	serious	simple	thin
6 7 8 9 10 11 12	He doesn't study Health and happ The instructions There were a lot I like living in the	y very hard. He piness are were very come of people on the country. It's way around the fathe country, pers and complete emperature was	e's applicated. They he bus. It was town rices are te the sentence s six degrees. To	could have bee	money. In livir if y	you have a good ma
2	The journey takes four hours by car and five hours by train. It takesby					
3	Dan and I went					metres. Da
4	Chris and Joe bo					%. Chris in the te
5	l expected my fr My friends			-	50	80. I expecte
6						
				very 30 minute		un every hour. the trai

Unit Comparison 2 (much better / any better / better and better / the sooner the better)

A	Before comparatives you can use: much a lot far (= a lot) a bit a little slightly (= a little)
	 Let's go by car. It's much cheaper. (or a lot cheaper) 'How do you feel now?' 'Much better, thanks.' Don't go by train. It's a lot more expensive. (or much more expensive) Could you speak a bit more slowly? (or a little more slowly) This bag is slightly heavier than the other one. Her illness was far more serious than we thought at first. (or much more serious / a lot more serious)
B	You can use any and no + <i>comparative</i> (any longer / no bigger etc.): I've waited long enough. I'm not waiting any longer . (= not even a little longer) We expected their apartment to be very big, but it's no bigger than ours. <i>or</i> it is n't any bigger than ours. (= not even a little bigger) How do you feel now? Do you feel any better ? This hotel is better than the other one, and it's no more expensive .
C	Better and better / more and more etc. We repeat comparatives (better and better etc.) to say that something changes continuously: Your English is improving. It's getting better and better. The city has grown fast in recent years. It's got bigger and bigger. As I listened to his story, I became more and more convinced that he was lying. These days more and more people are learning English.
D	The the
	You can say the (sooner/bigger/more etc.) the better: 'What time shall we leave?' 'The sooner the better.' (= as soon as possible) A: What sort of box do you want? A big one? B: Yes, the bigger the better. (= as big as possible) When you're travelling, the less luggage you have the better.
	We also use the the to say that one thing depends on another thing: The warmer the weather, the better I feel. (= if the weather is warmer, I feel better) The sooner we leave, the earlier we will arrive. The younger you are, the easier it is to learn. The more expensive the hotel, the better the service. The more electricity you use, the higher your bill will be. The more I thought about the plan, the less I liked it.
E E	Older and elder
	The comparative of old is older : David looks older than he really is.
	You can use elder (<i>or</i> older) when you talk about people in a family. You can say (my/your etc.) elder sister/brother/daughter/son : My elder sister is a TV producer. (<i>or</i> My older sister)
	We say 'my elder sister ', but we do not say that 'somebody is elder': My sister is older than me. (<i>not</i> elder than me)
	Any/no → Unit 86 Comparison 1, 3 → Units 105, 107 Eldest → Unit 108C

Exercises



106.1	Use the words in brackets to complete the sentences. Use much / a bit etc.	+ a comparative
	form. Use than where necessary.	
	1 Her illness was much more serious than we thought at first. (much /	serious)
	2 This bag is too small. I need something	(much / big)
	3 I liked the museum. It was I expected.	(much / interesting)
	4 It was very hot yesterday. Today it's	
	5 I'm afraid the problem isit seems.	
	6 You're driving too fast. Can you drive ?	
	7 It's to learn a language in a country where it is spoken.	
	8 I thought she was younger than me, but in fact she's	(slightly / old)
106.2	Complete the sentences using any/no + comparative. Use than where neces	ssary.
	1 I've waited long enough. I'm not waiting any longer .	
	2 I'm sorry I'm a bit late, but I couldn't get here	······································
	3 This shop isn't expensive. The prices are	
	4 I need to stop for a rest. I can't walk	
	5 The traffic isn't particularly bad today. It's	usual.
106.3	Complete the sentences using the structure in Section C (and).	
	1 It's getting more and more difficult to find a job. (difficult)	
	2 That hole in your sweater is getting	(big)
	3 My bags seemed to get as I carr	ied them. (heavy)
	4 As I waited for my interview, I became	
	5 As the day went on, the weather got	
	6 Health care is becoming (exp	
	7 Since Anna went to Canada, her English has got	
	8 As the conversation went on, Paul became	(talkative)
106.4	Complete the sentences using the structure in Section D (the the).	
	1 I like warm weather.	
	The warmer the weather, the better I feel . (feel)	
	2 I didn't really like him when we first met.	
	But the more I got to know him,	
	3 If you're in business, you want to make a profit.	
	The more goods you sell,	. (profit)
	4 It's hard to concentrate when you're tired.	
	The more tired you are,	. (hard)
	5 Kate had to wait a very long time.	
	The longer she had to wait,	impatient / become)
106.5	Use the words on the right to complete the sentences.	
	1 I like to travel light. The less luggage, the better.	any
	2 The problem is getting and more serious.	better
	3 The more time I have, theit takes me to do things.	elder
	4 I'm walking as fast as I can. I can't walkfaster.	less
	5 The higher your income, more tax you have to pay.	less
	6 I'm surprised Anna is only 25. I thought she was	longer
	7 Jane's sister is a nurse.	more
	8 I was a little late. The journey tooklonger than I expected	
		ater older
	than 9.30. 10 Don't tell him anything. Thehe knows, the	slightly the
	To Don't tell min anything. The He knows, the	